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2005

Dayton Public Schools 5th Grade Social Studies Instructional Guide. Dayton Teaching American History. Unit 5: Colonization

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INTRODUCTORY LESSON The First American Colonies (1Day)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History: C. Explain how new developments led to the growth of the United States: 6. Explain the impact of settlement, industrialization and transportation on the expansion of the United States. People in Societies: B. Explain the reasons people from various cultural groups came to North American and the consequences of their interactions with each other: 5. Compare reasons for immigration to North America with the reality immigrants experienced upon arrival. LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Reading Process: A:1,6 B:5 C:7 Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:5 Communication: A:1,2	Core Activity Students will be introduced to the early colonial settlements of America by observing a map, filling in a map themselves, and then researching information on their own. Find the entire lesson on the Web site: <u>http://www.glc.k12.ga.us/BuilderV03/LPTo</u> ols/LPShared/lpdisplay.asp?Session_Sta mp=&LPID=41031 Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	New England, Mid-Atlantic, Southern States

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

 Have students choose one of the first thirteen colonies and allow them to use resources in the media center or on the Internet to write a report about the colony.

Additional Instruction:

 Make a T chart. Have the chart compare: reasons for wanting to settle the first English colony, and the realities once they got here. After this chart is complete, a second chart can be started. Here, compare problems of Jamestown, and problems the colonists solved.

Additional Resources

Web Sites:

- How America Got It's Name -<u>http://www.earlyamerica.com/earlyamerica/bookmarks/americas_name/index.html</u>
- Label the Colonies http://www.enchantedlearning.com/usa/label/13/13.shtml
- The Ship http://www.education.com/common/resources/lp/soc/97112470.pdf

Informal Assessment



Enrichment Activity:

- Allow students to play charades with word cards listing historical architecture, foods, language and traditions of the French, Spanish and English colonization.
- Create travel brochures that offer visitors information about what they will see, hear and taste when visiting each historical site, with a focus on Spanish, French or English heritage.
- Offer students the opportunity to create poems or songs to explain the traditions, foods, language or architecture they've discovered.
- Display newspapers in the hallway for other students to view, or copy and distribute to other fifth grade classrooms for reading.

Additional Instruction:

 Pair or group students to collaborate on the collection, organization, and presentation of information about their topics of interest.

- Allow students to choose from a variety of presentation modes to share information with the class on their topics.
- Pre-select resources for students who may have difficulty locating information.
- Challenge students to explore Spanish, French and/or English origins by interviewing persons and/or visiting cultural locations and sharing with the class.

Informal Assessment



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History:	Core Activity	recruitment,
B. Describe the cultural patterns that are	This exercise will graphically demonstrate	scarcity, essential,
evident in North America today as a result	to the student the recruitment and	Virginia
of exploration, colonization, and conflict.	selection of colonists based upon the	Company
	goals of the Virginia Company and the	
3. Explain why European countries	scarcity of essential labor for colonization.	
explored and colonized North America.	Find the entire lesson on the Web site:	
	http://curry.edschool.virginia.edu/socialstu	
Social Studies Skills and Methods:	dies/projects/jvc/unit/society/engl_society.	
	html	
A. Obtain information from a variety of	and the first fi	
primary and secondary sources using the	The First Virginia Charter can be found at	
component parts of the source:	the Web site:	
2 Differentiate between primary and	http://www.law.ou.edu/hist/vchart1.html	
3. Differentiate between primary and secondary sources.		
secondary sources.	Interdisciplinary Connections	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT	Language Arts	
A survival time of Managhar Lange	Feenemiee	
Acquisition of Vocabulary: A:1	Economics	
F:8		
Reading Process:		
A:1, 6		
B:5		
C:7		
Informational, Technical, and Persuasive		
Text:		
A:5		
Writing Applications: B:5		
0.0		
Communication:		
A:1,2		

Enrichment Activity:

- Have students pretend they are the King and rationalize how they chose who would come to the colony and their importance.
- Have students role play different people who were trying to convince the King that they should have a spot on the boat and should come to the colony. Explain why their trade is important, and what they could bring to the colony that is important.

• Students can make a chart or diagram illustrating how many people would come to The Virginia Colony.

Additional Instruction:

• Have students make a list of important things he/she would need to live if they went to a place where they were alone.

Additional Resources

Supplemental Texts:

- Coldham, Peter Wilson, *The Complete Book of Emigrants, 1607-1660*. Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., Baltimore, MD., 1987.
- Billings, Warren M., Selby, John E., & Tate, Thad W., *Colonial Virginia*. KTO Press, White Plains, NY. 1987.
- Hatch, Charles E., Jr., *The First Seventeen Years, Virginia, 1607-1624.* UVA Press, Charlottesville, VA., 1957.

Community Connections

• Students could make a timeline and find the relation between the time when the Virginia Colony (1607) was founded to the time when Ohio was founded (1803).

Informal Assessment

Teachers can create their own assessments based on the lesson content.



Aspects of Colonial American Life (4 days)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Activity/Lesson	Vocabulary
History:	Core Activity	colonial life,
B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North American today as a result of exploration, colonization and conflict:	Use research methods to learn about colonial life in America and understand the influence of all of the different cultures on the architecture, clothing, toys, food, and tools.	artifacts
4. Describe the lasting effects of Spanish, French and English colonization in North America including cultural patterns evident today such as language, food, traditions and architecture.	Find the entire lesson on the Web site: http://www.dps.k12.oh.us/academic/secso c/americanhistory/images/aspects.pdf	
People in Societies:	Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	
A. Compare practices and products of North American cultural groups:	Art	
 Compare the cultural practices and products of diverse groups North America including: 		
d. Food; e. Clothing; f. Shelter.		
Social Studies Skills and Methods:		
A. Obtain information from a variety of primary and secondary sources using the component parts of the source:		
 Obtain information from a variety of print and electronic sources and analyze its reliability including: 		
a. Accuracy of facts;		
b. Credentials of the source.		
 Locate information in a variety of sources using key words, related articles and cross-references. 		
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT		
Research Standard A:1 B:2,3 C:3 E:6 D:5		

Enrichment Activity:

• The Lesson has such a wide variety of topics that enrichment activities can be found to add breadth so in-depth researches are quite easy to find.

Additional Instruction:

• Students requiring additional instruction may be assigned to groups with greater support. Care should be taken to give them a role that brings success.

Informal Assessment

Teachers can create their own assessments based on the lesson content.



Settling the Plymouth Colony (5-8 Days)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Activity/Lesson	Vocabulary
Standard: Benchmark: Indicator History: B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North America today as a result of exploration, colonization, and conflict. C. Explain why European countries explored and colonized North America. Government: A. Identify the responsibilities of the poranches of the U.S. government and explain why they are necessary: C. Explain the essential characteristics of American democracy including: C. The government is run directly by the people or through elected representatives. Citizenship Rights and Responsibilities: B. Identify rights and responsibilities of citizenship in the United States that are mportant for preserving democratic government: C. Explain the significance of the rights that are protected by the First Amendment including: a. Freedom of religion. AnguaGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Acquisition of Vocabulary: A:1 B:4 F:8 Reading Process: A:1,6 B:3 C:7	Suggested Activity/Lesson Core Activity Introduce the concepts of religious freedom and self-government. Find the entire activity on the Web site: http://www.everythingesl.net/lessons/plym outh_colony.php Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	Vocabulary self- government, religious freedom, Wampanoog, Mayflower, Pilgrim, Compact

Acquisition of Vocabulary:	
A:1	
B:4	
F:8	
Reading Process:	
A:1,6	
B:3	
C:7	
Informational, Technical, and Persuasive	
Text:	
A:5	
Writing Applications:	
B:5	
Communication:	
A:1,2	

L

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

- Students can make a chart or diagram illustrating how many people came to The Plymouth Colony.
- Have students compare and contrast the governments of Jamestown and Plymouth, considering how the goals of each group may have affected the governments chosen.

Additional Instruction:

- You are an investor in the Virginia Company. In order to make a profit, you must encourage people to leave England and move to Jamestown. Create an advertisement describing advantages of living in Virginia. If possible, provide an illustration.
- You are a Pilgrim wanting to travel to the New World, and establish a colony. However, you need "Strangers" (Non-Pilgrims) to accompany you so you will have a wide variety of skills, occupations & laborers to make your colony successful. What type of skills and occupations of workers will you need? Explain why.



Taking a Stand in History, 1607-1865 – Comparing the House of Burgesses to the Mayflower Compact (2 Days)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History:	Core Activity	House of Burgesses,
A. Construct time lines to demonstrate an understanding of units of time and chronological order:	Both groups took a stand toward a beginning democracy that would lay the foundation of our nation. In this lesson students will: understand why the	Jamestown, Mayflower Compact
1. Create time lines and identify possible relationships between events.	Jamestown settlement established its own laws; understand why the Pilgrims wanted to establish their own laws; and compare	
People in Societies:	the House of Burgesses with the Mayflower Compact.	
B. Explain the reasons people from various cultural groups came to North America and the consequences of their interactions with each other:	Find the entire lesson on the Web site: http://www.dps.k12.oh.us/academic/secso	
4. Describe the waves of immigration to	c/americanhistory/images/burgess 5.pdf	
North American and the areas from which people came in each wave.	Interdisciplinary Connections	
 Compare the reasons for immigration to North America with the reality immigrants experienced upon arrival. 	Language Arts	
Government:		
A. Identify the responsibilities of the branches of the U.S. government and explain why they are necessary:		
2. Explain the essential characteristics of American democracy including:		
 a. The people are the source of the government's authority; d. The powers of government are limited by law. 		
Social Studies Skills and Methods:		
B. Use a variety of sources to organize information and draw inferences:		
 Read information critically in order to identify: 		
b. The author's perspective;c. The purpose.		
Draw inferences from relevant information.		

D. Use problem-solving skills to make decisions individually and in groups: 9. Use a problem-solving/decision-making process which includes: b. Gathering information; c. Listing and considering options; d. Considering advantages and disadvantages of options; e. Choosing and implementing a solution. **Reading Process: Contents of Print** B: 3, D: 8 **Reading Applications: Informational, Technical and Persuasive Text.** A: 1. A: 5, E: 3

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

• Students who already know the similarities and differences between two documents might explore the purpose of rules in organizing/guiding a group of people in general. Does the purpose of the group affect the rules they make? Do all rules need to have punishments or rewards attached to them?

Additional Instruction:

 Have students explore what rules they have at home and at school and find differences and similarities. Then work with students to digest the documents, to master the vocabulary, and search for similarities and differences.

Informal Assessment



You are the Historian: Investigating the First Thanksgiving (2-4 Days)



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
Standard: Benchmark: Indicator History: B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North America today as a result of exploration, colonization and conflict. A. Describe the lasting effects of Spanish, French and English colonization in North America including cultural patterns evident today such as language, food, traditions and architecture. Bocial Studies Skills and Methods: A. Obtain information from a variety of primary and secondary sources using the component parts of the source: B. Differentiated between primary and secondary sources. LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Acquisition of Vocabulary: A:1 B:3 C:7 Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:5 Writing Applications: B:2, 5 Research: C:4 Communication: A:1,2	Suggested Strategies/Lessons Core Activity Over the last several years, experts at Plimouth Plantation have done a lot of research and thinking about the event that is commonly called "The First Thanksgiving." We were surprised at what we learned! You will be too, as you investigate the REAL First Thanksgiving. Find the entire activity on the Web site: http://www.plimoth.org/OLC/index_js2.html Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	Vocabulary Plimouth, Plantation, primary source, historian, myth, cultural Wampanoag

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

• Students can write fictional narratives told in the first person about their life as a pilgrim.

• Students can do a simple family tree of their family. They can talk with their family members about their history and make posters.

Additional Instruction:

- This site does an excellent job of providing extra help options for students to take along on their journey.
- Have students free-write a list of images for the first Thanksgiving. Then, use the Internet to find accounts of the Pilgrim's harvest celebration of 1621. Explain two things that surprised you.

Additional Resources

Supplemental Texts:

• Harness, Cheryl, Three Young Pilgrims, The Bradbury Press, New York, NY. 1992.



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History: C. Explain how new developments led to the growth of the United States. 6. Explain the impact of settlement, industrialization and transportation on the expansion of the United States. People in Societies: B. Explain the reasons people from various cultural groups came to North America and the consequences of their interactions with each other: 5. Compare reasons for immigration to North America with the reality immigrants experienced upon arrival. LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Reading Process: A:1,6 B:3,5 C:7 Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:5 Writing Applications: B:5 Research: C:3,4 Communication: A:1	Core Activity Students investigate the factors that led to the founding of the colonies including escape from religious persecution, economic opportunity, release from prison, and military adventure. Find the entire lesson on the Web site: http://www.cal.org/siop/lessons/LPBB.htm [Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	Religious persecution, economic opportunity, immigrate

Enrichment Activity:

- Students can do an oral interview with a family member, to be audio or videotaped.
- Students can write a letter to an ancestor explaining their life today and asking about their ancestor's life.
- Students can do a compare and contrast essay about the world the settlers left and the world they came
 to.

• Compare and contrast life of Puritans and life of Pilgrims.

Additional Instruction:

-

- Create a "Then and Now" chart: Pick one topic such as transportation. Have students present an example of then and now.
 - Then walking and boats
 - Now cars, busses and planes
- Draw a web chart on the board with "Pilgrims come to America" as the center. Ask for volunteers to complete the web by offering reasons people left England and came to America.
- Draw a second web on the board. This time write "Puritans Come to America." Do the same thing with this chart. Now, compare and contrast the reasons these two groups came.

Informal Assessment

Teachers can create their own assessments based on the lesson content.



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
People in Societies: B. Explain the reasons people from	Core Activity Understand the predicament of the slaves	predicament, revolt, captors
various cultural groups came to North America and the consequences of their interactions with each other.	on the <i>Amistad</i> and the conditions that led them to revolt against their captors.	
 Describe the experiences of African- Americans under the institution of slavery. 	Find the entire lesson at the Web site: <u>http://www.adprima.com/social20.htm</u>	
Social Studies Skills and Methods:	Interdisciplinary Connections	
B. Use a variety of sources to organize information and draw inferences:	Language Arts Drama	
Organize key ideas by taking notes that paraphrase or summarize.	Film Study	
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT		
Acquisition of Vocabulary: A:1, 8		
Reading Process: A:1,6 B:5 C:7		
Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:5		
Writing Applications: B:2,5 D:4		
Writing Conventions A:1,2,3 B:4,5 C:6,7,8,9,10,11		
Research: B:2 C:3,4		
E:6 Communication:		

Enrichment Activity:

 Distribute the informational sheet entitled "What Was It Like on the Amistad?" (the worksheet is included with this lesson plan - <u>http://www.adprima.com/amistadwork2.htm</u>). Call upon students to read passages aloud from the sheet. Then, for homework, have the students research a different slave ship, such as the Lord Ligonier (the ship on which Kunta Kinte traveled) or the Teçora, and have them write a brief essay about what it was like to travel on the ship as a slave. The essay should focus both on natural, weatherrelated hazards and on the cruel conditions imposed by the slave owners.

Additional Instruction:

 Show scenes from *Roots* and *Amistad* to get the students to understand (Do not show the whole movie). Pick clips you think would be good for students to understand what it was like on slave ships and the experiences they underwent to come to America. After viewing these clips, stop for explanations, and even have students answer one or two questions with each scene.

Additional Resources

Video:

- Roots, DVD, directed by Marvin J. Chomsky (Hollywood CA: 1977, Warner Brothers Productions)
- Amistad, DVD, directed by Steven Spielberg (Dreamworks SKG: 1997)

Informal Assessment



Salem Witch Trials (3-5 Days)



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History:	Core Activity	acquaint, trial, Salem, Massachusetts Puritans, trial
B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North America today as a result of exploration, colonization, and conflict.	This exercise acquaints students with the facts of the trials.	
3. Explain why European countries explored and colonized North America.	Find the entire lesson on the Web site: <u>http://coleman.glenrocknj.org/bonaguarot</u> <u>webguest/terrybguest.htm</u>	
Social Studies Skills and Methods:	Interdiscipliness Operations	
A. Obtain information from a variety of primary and secondary sources using the component parts of the source:	Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	
 Locate information in a variety of sources using key words, related articles and cross-references. 		
B. Use a variety of sources to organize key information and draw inferences:		
Organize key ideas by taking notes that paraphrase or summarize.		
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT		
Reading Process: A:1		
B:3 C:7		
Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:1,5		
Writing Applications: B:5 D:4 E		
Research: C:3,4 E:6		
Communication: A:1,2 D:8		

Enrichment Activity:

- When students create their maps they can be in different map formats (topographic, relief)
- *Macbeth* is referenced and this is a good place for more advanced readers to be exposed to higher level classic literature.
- · Students can take the given piece of prose by Shakespeare and "translate" it into modern English
- Students can compare and contrast the modern concept of a witch with the concept of a witch as defined in colonial times
- Think of other incidents such as the expulsion of Roger Williams and Anne Hutchinson and similar moments in the past and present, in which hysteria or intolerance drove people to behave in an inhumane way. Can investigating events such as these help us to come to a better understanding and acceptance of differences?

Additional Instruction:

- · Students can write about what it is like to be falsely accused of something.
- Students can discuss cause and effect of different behaviors.

Additional Resources

Web Sites:

- The Salem Witch Trials http://school.discovery.com/schooladventures/salemwitchtrials/index.html
- The Salem Witch Trials Page http://www.salemwitchtrials.com/
- The Salem Witch Trials Chronicles <u>http://www.salemweb.com/memorial/index.shtml</u>
- Salem Massachusetts Witches http://www.salemweb.com/guide/witches.shtml
- Witchcraft in Salem Village with Maps <u>http://etext.virginia.edu/salem/witchcraft/</u>

Informal Assessment

Clearly marked assessment with rubric in the lesson.



Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History: B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North America today as a result of exploration, colonization, and conflict. 4. Describe the lasting effects of Spanish, French, and English colonization in North America including cultural patterns evident today such as language, food, traditions, and architecture. People in Societies: A. Compare practices and products of North American cultural groups: 1. Compare the cultural practices and products of diverse groups in North America including: c. Language. LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Acquisition of Vocabulary: A:1 F:8	Core Activity One of the chief characteristics of English is its teeming vocabulary, an estimated 80% of which has come from other languages! Find the entire resource on the Web site http://www.teachervision.fen.com/spot/asi anwords1.html Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	Spice Islands, merchant sailors

Enrichment Activity:

 Point out that the English language of the Pilgrim's time is not identical to English today. You may need to explain quotations that could be in the text for this section. For example, you may need to explain such expressions as "clapped up in prison," "civil body politics". Discuss with students the idioms of "growing up" "bound to obey" and "banded together." Have students think of some of their own, or research parallel terms of other languages.

Additional Instruction:

Help students search through their text on the section of English colonization. Come up with a list of ten
to twenty words that came from other languages. Define the words and discuss their origin. Then, have
students make sentences out of them.



Eighteenth Century Sources (Flexible)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
Social Studies Skills and Methods:	Core Activity	impact,
B. Use of variety of sources to organize information and draw references.	This is a massive collection of primary sources regarding slavery in America for students to read and summarize.	summarize
6. Organize key ideas by taking notes that paraphrase or summarize.	Find the entire resource on the Web site: http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/rb_index_hd. html	
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT		
Reading Process:	Interdisciplinary Connections	
A:1	Language Arts	
Informational, Technical, and Persuasive Text: A:1		

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

 Have students read through a variety of Web sites from the lesson Web site and create a timeline of what they are reading. However, tell the students to only record key events on their timeline. It may be helpful to make the timeline somewhat annotated. After the students have finished the timeline, have them summarize their findings by making a relation to each event that occurred with the next event.

Additional Instruction:

Tell students to take three of the sources from the above lesson Web site. Have the students write down
all the "key" information they find at each site. Next, have the students organize their notes by having
them put similar ideas next to each and try to organize them into categories also (coming to America,
slave life in America, etc). Now, have students write a summary of each category they have for their
notes. (Anywhere from two to four sentences is fine).



The British Empire and the Royal Navy (Flexible)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Strategies/Lessons	Vocabulary
History: B. Describe the cultural patterns that are evident in North America as a result of exploration, colonization, and conflict. 5. Explain how the United States became independent from Great Britain.	Core Activity Emphasizes the contrast between Great Britain, with all of its resources, and the resources of the American colonies. Find the entire resource on the Web site: http://www.hmsrichmond.org/lesson1.htm	colonies, resources
Geography: D. Analyze ways that transportation and communication relate to patterns of settlement and economic activity: 10. Use or construct maps of colonization and exploration to explain European influence in North America.	Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	
LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Communication: A:1,2		

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

You are a customs agent sent to the colonies to enforce the Navigation Acts. Write a report to Parliament
outlining why England should regulate colonial trade.

Additional Instruction:

• List advantages merchants had when trading with England or the West Indies or West Africa. List the disadvantages. How will the Navigation Acts affect future relationships with Great Britain?

Informal Assessment



Slavery and Runaway Slaves in Colonial America (2 Days)

Standard: Benchmark: Indicator	Suggested Activity/Lesson	Vocabulary
Standard: Benchmark: Indicator People in Societies: B. Explain the reasons people from various cultural groups came to North America and the consequences of their interactions with each other. 3. Describe the experiences of African- Americans under the institution of slavery. Social Studies Skills and Methods: A. Obtain information from a variety of primary and secondary sources using the component parts of the source: 3. Differentiated between primary and secondary sources. LANGUAGE ARTS ALIGNMENT Reading Process: A:1 B:2,3,4,5 C::7 Writing Applications: A:1 B:2,5 D:4 Research: C:4 E:6 Communication:	Suggested Activity/Lesson Core Activity With careful analysis of the runaway slave ads that accompany this lesson, students will learn about the brutality of slavery. Find the entire lesson on the Web site: http://www.uiowa.edu/~socialed/lessons/sl avery.htm Interdisciplinary Connections Language Arts	Vocabulary brutality, interactions

Differentiated Learning

Enrichment Activity:

· Have students make posters advertising a meeting of an abolitionist society.

Show students other documents historians use to demonstrate what slavery was like. These might
include photos, diary entries, letters, and lyrics from black spirituals dating from slavery times. Have
students explain what the documents tell about the lives of slaves.

Additional Instruction:

- Have students make posters in response to the question "What was slavery like?"
- Students can write a fictional, first person account about life as a slave. The story can also record a slave's attempt at escape and what happened when he or she tried to "run to freedom."

Additional Resources

Supplemental Texts:

- Blassingame, John W. *The Slave Community: Plantation Life in the Antebellum South* (New York: Oxford University Press, esp. Chap. 5.) 1979.
- "Eighteenth Century Slaves as Advertised by Their Masters," *Journal of Negro History* 1, (163-216) April 1916.
- Mullane, Deidre (ed.) Crossing the Danger Water: Three Hundred Years of African-American Writing; New York: Doubleday, 1993.

Informal Assessment